Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Applied Soft Computing

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/asoc



A novel classifier architecture based on deep neural network for COVID-19 detection using laboratory findings



Volkan Göreke ^a, Vekil Sarı ^b, Serdar Kockanat ^{b,*}

- a Siyas Vocational School of Technical Sciences, Siyas Cumhuriyet University, 58140, Siyas, Turkey
- ^b Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Sivas Cumhuriyet University, 58140, Sivas, Turkey

ARTICLE INFO

Article history Received 8 January 2021 Received in revised form 15 February 2021 Accepted 7 March 2021 Available online 19 March 2021

Keywords: COVID-19 disease Deep neural network **Blood** findings ABC algorithm

ABSTRACT

Unfortunately, Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is spreading rapidly all over the world. Along with causing many deaths, it has substantially affected the social life, economics, and infrastructure worldwide in a negative manner. Therefore, it is very important to be able to diagnose the COVID-19 quickly and correctly. In this study, a new feature group based on laboratory findings was obtained considering ethnical and genetic differences for interpretation of blood data. Then, using this feature group, a new hybrid classifier architecture based on deep learning was designed and COVID-19 detection was made. Classification performance indicators were obtained as accuracy of 94.95%, F1score of 94.98%, precision of 94.98%, recall of 94.98% and AUC of 100%. Achieved results were compared with those of the deep learning classifiers suggested in literature. According to these results, proposed method shows superior performance and can provide more convenience and precision to experts for diagnosis of COVID-19 disease.

© 2021 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

E-mail addresses: vgoreke@cumhuriyet.edu.tr (V. Göreke), vsari@cumhuriyet.edu.tr (V. Sarı), skockanat@cumhuriyet.edu.tr (S. Kockanat).

Corresponding author.